



**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT**

**PROCLAMATION NUMBER 137 JBE 2021**

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***COVID-19 PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCY  
MITIGATION MEASURES  
STATEWIDE MASK MANDATE***

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- WHEREAS,** pursuant to the Louisiana Homeland Security and Emergency Assistance and Disaster Act, La. R.S. 29:721, *et seq.*, on March 11, 2020 in Proclamation Number 25 JBE 2020, the Governor declared that a statewide public health emergency existed in the State of Louisiana because of COVID-19 and expressly empowered the Governor’s Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness and the Secretary of the Department of Health and/or the State Health Officer to take all actions authorized under state law;
- WHEREAS,** La. R.S. 29:761 provides that “[b]ecause the government must do all that is reasonable and necessary to protect the health and safety of its citizens; because new and emerging dangers, including emergent and resurgent infectious diseases . . . pose serious and immediate threats; because a renewed focus on the prevention, detection, management, and containment of public health emergencies is essential; and because emergency health threats . . . may require the exercise of extraordinary government powers and functions, the state must have the ability to respond, rapidly and effectively, to potential or actual public health emergencies”;
- WHEREAS,** on Wednesday, July 21, 2021, the Governor renewed the public health emergency, while advising that additional mitigation measures may be necessary if the threat of the Delta variant (B.1.617.2) caused increases in cases and hospitalizations;
- WHEREAS,** in the twelve days since the renewal of the public health emergency proclamation, Louisiana has seen a continued dramatic spread of the Delta variant;
- WHEREAS,** on July 27, 2021, Centers for Disease Control (“CDC”) released recommendations that all persons, including those who are fully vaccinated, should wear masks in indoor public settings in areas where COVID-19 transmission is high or substantial (<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/vaccines/fully-vaccinated.html>);
- WHEREAS,** the CDC reiterated this recommendation in a publication on July 30, 2021, which concluded that “[b]ased on emerging evidence on the Delta variant, CDC also recommends that fully vaccinated persons wear masks in public indoor settings in areas of substantial or high transmission” ([https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm7030e2.htm?s\\_cid=mm7030e2\\_w](https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm7030e2.htm?s_cid=mm7030e2_w)).
- WHEREAS,** Louisiana currently has the highest case rate in the United States with all but two parishes in the State in an area of high incidence and most of the parishes having an incidence several times over the “high” threshold of 100 cases per 100,000 people over a seven day period;
- WHEREAS,** Louisiana’s current statewide incidence rate is 620 cases per 100,000 people which is over 100 cases higher than the next highest state;
- WHEREAS,** on July 30, 2021, the CDC released a study from an outbreak in Massachusetts which found that “in Real-time reverse transcription–polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR)

cycle threshold (Ct) values in specimens from 127 vaccinated persons with breakthrough cases were similar to those from 84 persons who were unvaccinated, not fully vaccinated, or whose vaccination status was unknown” (<https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/70/wr/mm7031e2.htm>);

- WHEREAS,** this study demonstrates the significant risk posed by the Delta variant, and that there is an increased likelihood of spread of infection even from among those who are vaccinated;
- WHEREAS,** this report is corroborated by studies coming from Wisconsin and Singapore which similarly demonstrate that vaccinated and unvaccinated people infected with Delta can have similar viral loads;
- WHEREAS,** despite the success of the mitigation measures and adoption of vaccines in helping to beat back the third surge of COVID-19 in the state, the escalating prevalence of the Delta variant in the state has resulted in a significant increase in cases and hospitalizations, with the state giving up all of the progress made since January;
- WHEREAS,** by the time this order is in effect, the State will be at the highest number of hospitalized COVID-19 patients during the pandemic, without any signs that the increase is slowing;
- WHEREAS,** additional mitigation measures are necessary to slow new infections and to decrease pressure on hospitals and health care practitioners to maintain appropriate standards of care and preserve hospital capacity;
- WHEREAS,** based on current CDC recommendations and the State’s rapid increase in cases and hospitalizations, the Louisiana Department of Health has recommended to the Governor to implement a statewide mask mandate to slow the spread of the Delta variant; and
- WHEREAS,** these measures are necessary to protect the health and safety of the people of Louisiana.

**NOW THEREFORE, I, JOHN BEL EDWARDS,** Governor of the State of Louisiana, by virtue of the authority vested by the Constitution and the laws of the State of Louisiana, do hereby order and direct as follows:

**SECTION 1: GENERAL PROVISIONS**

- A) Pursuant to the Louisiana Homeland Security and Emergency Assistance and Disaster Act, La. R.S. 29:721 et seq. and the Louisiana Health Emergency Powers Act, La. R.S. 29:760, *et seq.*, a statewide public health emergency is declared to continue to exist in the State of Louisiana as a result of the continued threat posed to Louisiana citizens by COVID-19, the effects of which continue to threaten the lives and health of the citizens of the state.
- B) The Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness and Secretary of the Department of Health are hereby expressly empowered to take any and all actions authorized under the Louisiana Health Emergency Powers Act, La. R.S. 29:760, *et seq.*, in relation to this public health emergency.
- C) The Secretary of the Department of Health and/or the State Health Officer are hereby expressly empowered to take any and all actions authorized thereto under Titles 29 and 40 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes and under the State Sanitary Code (LAC Title 51) in relation to this public health emergency.

**SECTION 2: COVID-19 MITIGATION MEASURES**

- A) All individuals who are at higher risk of severe illness from COVID-19 should stay at home, unless travelling outside the home for an essential activity, such as:
  - 1) Obtaining food, medicine, and other similar goods necessary for the individual or a family member of the individual.

- 2) Obtaining medical care and treatment and other similar vital services for an individual or a family member of the individual.
- 3) Going to and from an individual's workplace.
- 4) Going to and from the home of a family member.
- 5) Going to and from an individual's place of worship.
- 6) Engaging in outdoor activity, provided individuals maintain a distance of six feet from one another.

Those individuals who are at higher risk of severe illness, as designated by the Centers for Disease Control (CDC), are those with conditions such as asthma, chronic lung disease, compromised immune systems (including from smoking, cancer treatment, bone marrow or organ transplantation, immune deficiencies, poorly controlled HIV or AIDS, or use of corticosteroids or other immune weakening medications), diabetes, serious heart disease (including heart failure, coronary artery disease, congenital heart disease, cardiomyopathies, and hypertension), chronic kidney disease undergoing dialysis, liver disease, or severe obesity or those who are 65 or older or living in a nursing home or long-term care facility.

### **SECTION 3: FACE COVERINGS**

- A) All individuals in the State of Louisiana shall be required to wear a face covering over the nose and mouth when indoors in any place outside of a private residence except in the circumstances provided for in Subsection (C) below.
- B) In accordance with the order issued by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) on January 29, 2021, all individuals shall wear a face covering over the nose and mouth while passengers and operators of public conveyances, including airplanes, ships, ferries, trains, buses, taxis, ride-shares, and the corresponding transportation hubs. The CDC order is found at [https://www.cdc.gov/quarantine/pdf/Mask-Order-CDC\\_GMTF\\_01-29-21-p.pdf](https://www.cdc.gov/quarantine/pdf/Mask-Order-CDC_GMTF_01-29-21-p.pdf).
- C) The requirements in Subsection (A) do not apply to the following:
  - 1) Any individual who will not come in contact with any other individual (outside of their immediate household members) or who will be able to maintain strict social distancing of six feet apart from any other individual (outside of their immediate household members);
  - 2) any child under the age of five not enrolled in a kindergarden program, however all children between the ages of two and five years old are strongly encouraged to wear a face covering in accordance with Subsection (A) of this Section;
  - 3) any individual with a medical condition that prevents the wearing of a face covering;
  - 4) any individual who is consuming food or drinks;
  - 5) any individual seeking to communicate with someone who has or is suspected of having a communication disorder;
  - 6) any individual giving a speech for broadcast or to an audience;
  - 7) any individual temporarily removing his or her face covering for identification purposes; or
  - 8) any athlete participating in organized athletic activities.
- D) All local governing authorities and operators of private businesses and organizations shall retain the authority to issue more restrictive measures than that imposed by the State.
- E) Citations under this Section shall be written only to businesses or organizations, other than religious organizations, that fail to enforce the requirement to wear face coverings. Operators of businesses and organizations are entitled to rely on the representations of their customers, patrons, or employees regarding whether or not they qualify for an exception from the face covering requirements.

Businesses and organizations that rely on such a representation shall not be deemed to be in violation of this Emergency Proclamation.

- F) If a business or organization does not allow entry to a worker, customer, or patron because that person refuses to wear a face covering, and if that worker, customer, or patron enters the premises or refuses to leave the premises, law enforcement personnel may enforce the trespassing laws and any other laws that the worker, customer, or patron may violate.

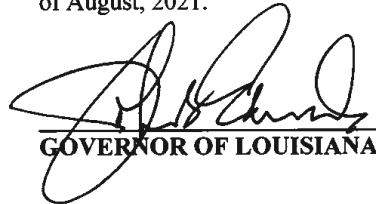
**SECTION 4:** The Governor's Office of Homeland Security and Emergency Preparedness and the State Fire Marshal are directed to ensure compliance with this order, and are empowered to exercise all authorities pursuant to La. R.S. 29:721, *et seq.*, and La. R.S. 29:760, *et seq.*

**SECTION 5:** All departments, commissions, boards, agencies and officers of the state, or any political subdivision thereof, are authorized and directed to cooperate in actions the state may take in response to the effects of this event.

**SECTION 6:** Unless otherwise provided in this order, these provisions are effective from Wednesday, August 4th, 2021 to Wednesday, September 1, 2021, or as extended by any subsequent Proclamation, unless terminated sooner.



IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand officially and caused to be affixed the Great Seal of Louisiana in the City of Baton Rouge, on this 2<sup>nd</sup> day of August, 2021.

  
GOVERNOR OF LOUISIANA

ATTEST BY THE  
SECRETARY OF STATE

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SECRETARY OF STATE